

TEST REPORT IEC 62471

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report Reference No. SHES190902251071

Date of issue 2019-09-27

Total number of pages 15

Name of Testing Laboratory preparing SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

the Report.....

Park, High-tech development District, Nanchang, Jiangxi, China

330095

Test specification:

Standard IEC 62471:2006

Test procedure...... SGS CSTC

Non-standard test method...... N/A

Test Report Form No...... IEC62471B

Master TRF...... Dated 2018-08-16

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General disclaimer:

The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.

Test item description...... LED PACKAGE

Trade Mark.....: ----

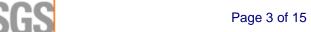
Manufacturer...... Same as applicant

Model/Type reference.....: SOM2835-XX-H-A-T; SOM2835-XX-H-A

Ratings...... 65 mA; 3 V



Res	consible Testing Laboratory (as applicable),	testing procedure and testing location(s):
\boxtimes	CB Testing Laboratory:	SGC CS tandards Technical Services (Shanghai)
Test	ing location/ address:	West du Road ingiao, Songjiang, 201612
Test	ed by (name, function, signature):	Harpe Bara Gesting Services
Аррі	roved by (name, function, signature):	Anthy Yang 2
	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 1:	wanted out.
Test	ing location/ address:	N/A
Test	ed by (name, function, signature):	N/A
Аррі	roved by (name, function, signature) :	N/A
	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 2:	
Test	ing location/ address:	N/A
Test	ed by (name + signature)	N/A
Witn	essed by (name, function, signature):	N/A
Аррі	roved by (name, function, signature):	N/A
	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 3:	
	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 4:	
Test	ing location/ address:	N/A
Tested by (name, function, signature):		N/A
Witnessed by (name, function, signature):		N/A
Appı	roved by (name, function, signature):	N/A
Supe	ervised by (name, function, signature):	N/A



List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment):

Attachment A: European group differences according to EN 62471:2008 (3 pages in total)

Attachment B: Photo documentation (1 page in total)

Summary of testing:

Tests performed (name of test and test clause):

Full tests

Testing location:
Refer. to page 1

Summary of compliance with National Differences (List of countries addressed):

The product fulfils the requirements of EN 62471:2008

Copy of marking plate:

N/A



Test item particulars.....: Tested lamp: ontinuous wave lamps pulsed lamps pulsed lamps Tested lamp system....:: Lamp classification group: ☐ risk 3 ☐ risk 1 risk 2 Lamp cap:: N/A Bulb: **LEDs** Rated of the lamp....: N/A Furthermore marking on the lamp: N/A Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard:: N/A Used measurement instrument.....: Spectroradiometer Temperature by measurement: 25 ± 5 °C Information for safety use: N/A Possible test case verdicts: test case does not apply to the test object: N/A test object does meet the requirement: P (Pass) test object does not meet the requirement: F (Fail) Testing: 2019-09-09 Date of receipt of test item.....: Date (s) of performance of tests: 2019-09-09 to 2019-09-11 **General remarks:** '(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report. Throughout this report a \boxtimes comma / \square point is used as the decimal separator. This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days /3 months only. Manufacturer's Declaration per sub-clause 4.2.5 of IECEE 02: The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate in-☐ Yes cludes more than one factory location and a declara-Not applicable tion from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided: When differences exist; they shall be identified in the General product information section.





Name and address of factory (ies):	Same as manufacturer
General product information and other remarks:	

The product is LED package. The model SOM2835-XX-H-A-T and SOM2835-XX-H-A are totally the same except the model name.

After review, the full test performed on model SOM2835-XX-H-A-T.

The angular substance of the product is 4 mrad. It should belong to small source considering the blue light hazard. But in order to have higher accuracy, it is regarded as the normal products

To consider the worst case, the product was tested at 200mm.

The appliances are classified as Exempt Group according to EN 62471:2008.





	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р
4.1	General		Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 104 cd.m-2	see clause 4.3	N/A
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J.m-2 within any 8-hour period		Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, ES, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$E_{s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30$ J·m ⁻²		Ъ
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet ra- diation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{S}}} \qquad \text{S}$		Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J.m-2 for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, EUVA, shall not exceed 10 W.m-2.		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit	1	Р
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , LB, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р



	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_t L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for t \le 104 s $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_{\text{B}}}$	Р
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t > 104 s	Р
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	ce	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E λ , weighted against the blue-light hazard function B(λ) shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1$ $W \cdot m^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L λ , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function R(λ) (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}}$ W·m ⁻² ·sr ⁻¹	(10 µs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	Р
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual stimulus		
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, LIR, as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		N/A
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	t > 10 s	N/A
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		Р
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, EIR, over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		Р
	$E_{\text{IR}} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75}$ W · m ⁻²	t ≤ 1000 s	Р
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		Р
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	t > 1000 s	Р





IEC 62471

Clause Requirement + Test Result – Remark Verdict

4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin	
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:	Р
	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0.25}$ J·m ⁻²	Р
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEMS	Р
5.1	Measurement conditions	Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.	Р
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)	N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.	N/A
5.1.2	Test environment	Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.	Р
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation	Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.	Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation	Р
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	Р
	the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or	N/A
	the manufacturer's recommendation	Р
5.1.5	Lamp system operation	N/A
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	N/A
	the appropriate IEC standard, or	N/A
	the manufacturer's recommendation	N/A
5.2	Measurement procedure	Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements	Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.	Р
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.	Р
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.	Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.	Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements	Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method	Р





 IEC 62471

 Clause
 Requirement + Test
 Result – Remark
 Verdict

	The measurements made with an optical system.		Р
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		Р
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N/A
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		N/A
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods		Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	P
5.3.2	Calculations		Р
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р
6	LAMP CLASSFICATION		Р
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	Р
	for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm		N/A
	for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm		Р
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р
6.1.1	Except Group		Р





 IEC 62471

 Clause
 Requirement + Test
 Result – Remark
 Verdict

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	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р
	an actinic ultraviolet hazard (ES) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor		Р
	a near-UV hazard (EUVA) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor		Р
	a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor		Р
	a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 10 s, nor		Р
	an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 1000 s		Р
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N/A
	an actinic ultraviolet hazard (ES) within 10000 s, nor		N/A
	a near ultraviolet hazard (EUVA) within 300 s, nor		N/A
	a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 100 s, nor		N/A
	a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 10 s, nor		N/A
	an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 100 s		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)	1	N/A
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A
	an actinic ultraviolet hazard (ES) within 1000 s exposure, nor		N/A
	a near ultraviolet hazard (EUVA) within 100 s, nor		N/A
	a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N/A
	a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N/A
	an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 10 s		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A





Clause Requirement + Test Result – Remark Verdict

Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A
A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A
The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A
a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group		N/A
for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission		N/A
	to any group of pulses within 0,25 s. A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer. The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows: a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed	to any group of pulses within 0,25 s. A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer. The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows: a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed



Page 12 of 15 Report No.: SHES190902251071

		IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result – Remark	Verdict

	ighting function for assessing u		-
Wavelength1 λ, nm	OV nazard function S _{υν} (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ)
200	0,030	313*	0,006
205	0,051	315	0,003
210	0,075	316	0,0024
215	0,095	317	0,0020
220	0,120	318	0,0016
225	0,150	319	0,0012
230	0,190	320	0,0010
235	0,240	322	0,00067
240	0,300	323	0,00054
245	0,360	325	0,00050
250	0,430	328	0,00044
254*	0,500	330	0,00041
255	0,520	333*	0,00037
260	0,650	335	0,00034
265	0,810	340	0,00028
270	1,000	345	0,00024
275	0,960	350	0,00020
280*	0,880	355	0,00016
285	0,770	360	0,00013
290	0,640	365*	0,00011
295	0,540	370	0,000093
297*	0,460	375	0,000077
300	0,300	380	0,000064
303*	0,120	385	0,000053
305	0,060	390	0,000044
308	0,026	395	0,000036
310	0,015	400	0,000030

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



Page 13 of 15 Report No.: SHES190902251071

		IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result – Remark	Verdic

nm 300 305 310 315 320 325 330	B (λ) 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	R (λ)
305 310 315 320 325	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
310 315 320 325	0,01 0,01 0,01	
315 320 325	0,01 0,01	
320 325	0,01	
325		
330	0,01	
	0,01	
335	0,01	
340	0,01	
345	0,01	
350	0,01	
355	0,01	
360	0,01	
365	0,01	
370	0,01	
375	0,01	0.1
380 385	0,01 0,013	0,1 0,13
390	0,013	0,13
395	0,025	0,25
400	0,10	1,0
405	0,20	2,0
410	0,40	4,0
415	0,80	8,0
420	0,90	9,0
425	0,95	9,5
430	0,98	9,8
435	1,00	10,0
440	1,00	10,0
445	0,97	9,7
450	0,94	9,4
455	0,90	9,0
460	0,80	8,0
465	0,70	7,0
470	0,62	6,2
475	0,55	5,5
480	0,45	4,5
485	0,40	4,0
490	0,22	2,2
495	0,16	1,6
500-600	10[(450-\lambda)/50]	1,0
600-700	0,001	1,0
700-1050		10 ^[(700-λ)/500]
1050-1150		0,2
1150-1200		0,2·10 ^{0,02(1150-λ)}



Page 14 of 15 Report No.: SHES190902251071

		IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for th	e surface of the sl	kin or cornea (irradiance bas	sed values)	
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of con- stant irradiance W•m ⁻²	
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_S = \sum E_\lambda \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t	
Eye UV-A	$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10	
Blue-light small source	$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0	
Eye IR	$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ^{0,75} 100	
Skin thermal	$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t ^{0,75}	

Table 5.5	Sun	nmary of the ELs for the	e retina (radian	ce based value	es)		
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians EL in to constant W•m		adiance
Blue light		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 - 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000	0,011•√(t/10) 0,011 0,0011•√t 0,1	10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 100	
Retinal thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(d 50000/(d	,
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000)/α



Table 6.1	Emission limits	for risk group	s of continuo	us wave lam	ps				Р
				Emission Measurement (α=0,0040 rad)					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	empt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
	op com um			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	Sυv(λ)	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	7,574e-05	0,003		0,03	
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m⁻²	10	2,338e-04	33		100	
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m-2•sr-1	100	1,686e+01	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ев	W•m⁻²	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	1,643e+04	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(\lambda)	Lir	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/α		6000/α		6000/α	
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m⁻²	100	2,352e-03	570		3200	

Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

— End of Test Report —





Attachment A

IEC62471B - ATTACHMENT						
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict			

ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62471 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamps systems

Differences according to EN 62471:2008

Attachment Form No. EU_GD_IEC62471B

Attachment Originator OVE

Master Attachment 2019-01-24

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	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)		Р			
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS	EXPOSURE LIMITS				
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB		_			
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:					
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive (2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471:2006	See appended Table 6.1	Р			
4.1	General	•	Р			
	First paragraph deleted					





Attachment A

EN 62471						
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict			

Table 6.1	Emission limit	s for risk grou	ups of continu	uous wave lamps (b	ased on EU D	irective 200	06/25/EC)		Р
				Emission Measurement (α=0,0040 rad)					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exemp	ot	Lov	v risk	Mod	risk
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	Sυv(λ)	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	7,574*10 ⁻⁵	-	-	-	-
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m⁻²	0,33	2,338*10-4	-	•	-	-
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	1,686*10+1	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ев	W•m⁻²	0,01*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	1,643*10+4	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal,	R(λ)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011	-				
weak visual stimulus**	K(A)	LIR V	VV-111 *31	6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1	-				
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m⁻²	100	2,352*10 ⁻³	570	-	3200	-





Attachment A

EN 62471						
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict			

- * Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. ** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

NOTE The action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2

The applicable aperture diameters: see 4.2.1

The limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2

The related measurement condition 5.2.3 and the range of acceptance angles: see Table 5.5.

— End of Attachment A —

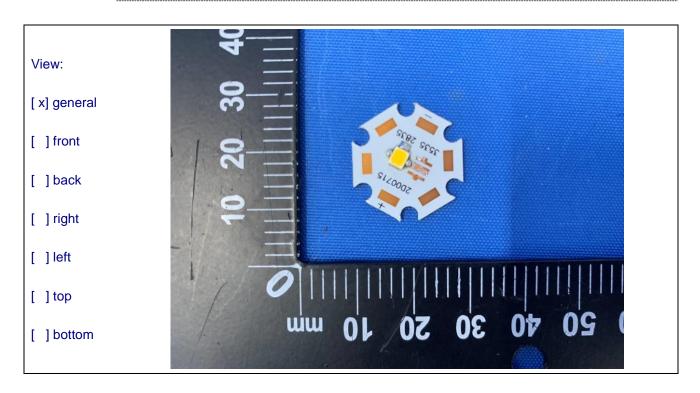




Attachment B

Photo documentation

Details of: SOM2835-XX-H-A-T



— End of Attachment B —